



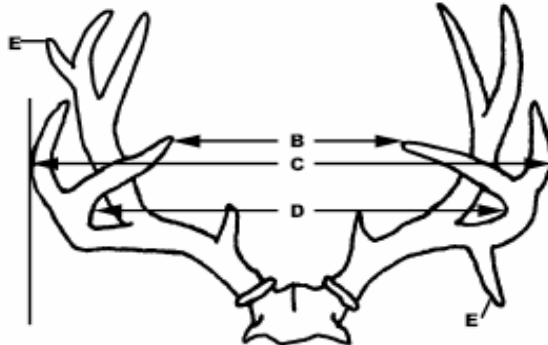
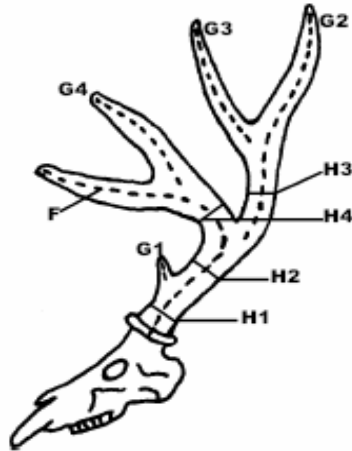
# BOWHUNTING IN ARIZONA

Record Book Committee, Inc.

## Mule Deer Typical

MINIMUM SCORE 135

# OVELVET



Abnormal Points	
Right Antler	Left Antler

SUBTOTALS	
TOTAL TO E	

SEE OTHER SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS				COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 3	COLUMN 4
A. No. Points on Right Antler	No. Points on Left Antler	B. Tip to Tip Spread	C. Greatest Spread	Spread Credit	Right Antler	Left Antler	Difference
D. Inside Spread of Main Beams		SPREAD CREDIT MAY EQUAL BUT NOT EXCEED LONGER MAIN BEAM					
E. Total of Lengths of Abnormal Points							
F. Length of Main Beam							
G-1. Length of First Point, If Present							
G-2. Length of Second Point							
G-3. Length of Third Point, If Present							
G-4. Length of Fourth Point, If Present							
H-1. Circumference at Smallest Place Between Burr and First Point							
H-2. Circumference at Smallest Place Between First and Second Points							
H-3. Circumference at Smallest Place Between Main Beam and Third Point							
H-4. Circumference at Smallest Place Between Second and Fourth Points							
TOTALS							

ADD	Column 1	Location of Kill:	Unit No.	Arizona	
	Column 2	Date Killed:	Hunter:		
	Column 3	Hunter Address:			
Subtotal		City:	State:	Zip Code:	Telephone # ( )
SUBTRACT Column 4		Guide's Name and Address:			
<b>FINAL SCORE</b>		Remarks: (Mention Any Abnormalities or Unique Qualities)			

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that I have measured this trophy on \_\_\_\_\_  
PRINT NAME MM/DD/YYYY

at \_\_\_\_\_  
STREET ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE

and that these measurements and data are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, made in accordance with the instructions given.

Witness: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
TO MEASURER'S SIGNATURE BIA OFFICIAL MEASURER

\_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS  
\_\_\_\_\_  
CITY STATE ZIP

### BRIEF INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING TYPICAL MULE DEER

Measurements must be made with a 1/4" flexible steel tape or steel cable and recorded to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. To simplify addition, please enter fractional figures in eighths and in proper fractions.

**A. Number of Points on each antler.** To be counted a point, a projection must be at least one inch long AND, at some location at least one inch from the tip, the length of the projection must exceed its width. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.

**B. Tip to Tip Spread** is measured between tips of main beams.

**C. Greatest Spread** is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part whether across main beams or points.

**D. Inside Spread of Main Beam** is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again in "Spread Credit" column if it is less than or equal to the length of longer main beam. If greater, enter longer main beam length for Spread Credit.

**E. Total of Length of Abnormal Points.** Abnormal points are generally considered to be those non-typical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam). Sketch all abnormal points on antler illustration (front of form) showing location and length. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.

**F. Length of Main Beam** is measured from the center of the lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of the main beam. Begin measuring at the location of the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr.

**G-1-2-3-4. Length of Normal Points.** Normal points are the brow points and the upper and lower forks as shown in the illustration. They are measured from the top edge of beam (baseline), over outer curve, to tip: with the exception of the G-3, which is measured from a baseline established along the edge of the G-2 point. To establish the appropriate baseline, lay a tape or (preferably) a cable on the top edge of the beam on each side of the point and draw a line under the cable to reflect the top edge of the beam as if the point was not present. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.

**H-1-2-3-4. Circumferences.** Circumferences are taken at the smallest place between corresponding normal points, as illustrated. If first point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and second point. If third point is missing, take H-3 halfway between the base and tip of the second point. If the fourth point is missing, take H-4 halfway between the center of the baseline for the second point and tip of main beam. Circumference measurements must be taken with a steel tape (a cable cannot be used for these measurements).

**Drying Period:** To be eligible for entry in the Bowhunting in Arizona Records, a trophy must first have been stored under normal room temperature and humidity for at least 60 days after date of kill. No trophy will be considered which has been altered in any way from its natural state.

### ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

- 1) Fully completed Score Sheet from Bowhunting In Arizona, Pope & Young or Boone & Crockett. Must be signed by the hunter, a witness and the Official Measurer.
- 2) Fully completed application form. Must be signed by the hunter and a witness.
- 3) Fully completed Fair Chase Affidavit. Must be signed by the hunter and a witness.
- 4) Three (3) photographs of the antlers, horns or skull.
- 5) One (1) photograph of the entire animal in the field, with the hunter, if available.
- 6) A \$20 application processing fee which can be paid by check or money order. Payable to: Bowhunting in Arizona
- 7) \* Mail the entire packet; completed Score Sheet, Application form, Fair Chase Affidavit, four photographs and the entry fee to:

Bowhunting in Arizona  
Attn: Marvin Zieser  
35006 N. 27th Lane  
Phoenix, AZ 85086